

DAFFODIL INSTITUTE OF IT (DIIT) BBA (Honours) in Tourism and Hospitality Management (THM) Third Year Sixth Semester Fundamentals of Finance Chapter- 3 Time Value of Money and its Application (Math)

Problem- 1

If the periodical rate of interest is 5% and you borrowed Tk 10000, how much you have to pay in each instalment if the principal amount is killed off by 10 instalments? Solution: Given,

We know,

$$PVa = A \left[\frac{1}{R} - \frac{1}{R(1+R)^n} \right]$$

=>10000 = A $\left[\frac{1}{0.05} - \frac{1}{0.05(1+0.05)^{10}} \right]$
=>10000 = A [20 - 12.27826]
=>10000 = A (7.7217)
=> A (7.7217) = 10000
=> A = 10000 ÷ 7.7217
A = 1295.05 Ans.

Problem-2

Mr. Alam deposits Tk 10000 in a bank now. The interest rate is 10% and compounding is done Semi-annually. What will be the deposit grow after 10 years? If the inflation rate is 8%, what will be the value of deposit after 10 years in terms of the current 1aka?

Solution: Given that,

PV = 10000R= 0.10 ÷ 2 = 0.05 n= 10 × 2= 20 times Future Value (FV) =?

WE know,

$$FV=PV (1 + R)^{n}$$

= 10000 (1 +0.05)²⁰
= 26533 Ans.

If the inflation rate (IR) = 0.08, then PV=?

$$PV=FV \div (1+IR)^{n}$$

=26533 ÷ (1+0.08)¹⁰
= 12290 Ans.

Problem-3

Mr. Ashfaque borrows Tk 5, 00,000 from the bank at 12% interest rate compounded annually to purchase a land. The loan is repaid in equal annual instalment at the end of each year over the next five years. How much will each annual payment be?

Solution: Given,

We know,

$$PVa = A \left[\frac{1}{R} - \frac{1}{R(1+R)^{n}} \right]$$

=>5, 00,000 = A $\left[\frac{1}{0.12} - \frac{1}{0.12(1+0.12)^{5}} \right]$
=>5, 00,000 = A (3.6048)
=> A (3.6048) = 5, 00,000
=> A = 5, 00,000 ÷ 3.6048
 \therefore A =1, 38,705 Ans.

Problem-4

Exactly ten years from now Mr. Zaber will start receiving a pension of Tk 3000 a year. The payment will continue for sixteen years. How much is the pension worth now, if Mr. Zaber's interest rate is 10%?

Solution:

After 10 year from now given that,

Amount of annuity (A) = Tk 3000 Rate of interest (R) = 0.10 Number of years (N) = 16 yrs. Present value (PV) =?

We know,

$$PVa = A \left[\frac{1}{R} - \frac{1}{R(1+R)^n} \right]$$
$$= 3000 \left[\frac{1}{0.10} - \frac{1}{0.10(1+0.10)^{16}} \right]$$

= 23, 471.125 which is the present value of after 10 year from now. But it is the future value for now. So for now,

Future value (FV) = 23, 471 Number of years (N) = 10 yrs. Rate of interest (R) = .10 Present value (PV) =?

We know,

 $PV=FV \div (1+R)^{10}$ =23, 471 (1+0.10)¹⁰ = 9049.08 Ans.